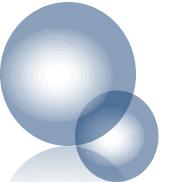


IEEE NINTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON RESEARCH CHALLENGES IN INFORMATION SCIENCE

Competitive intelligence: History, importance, objectives, process and issues

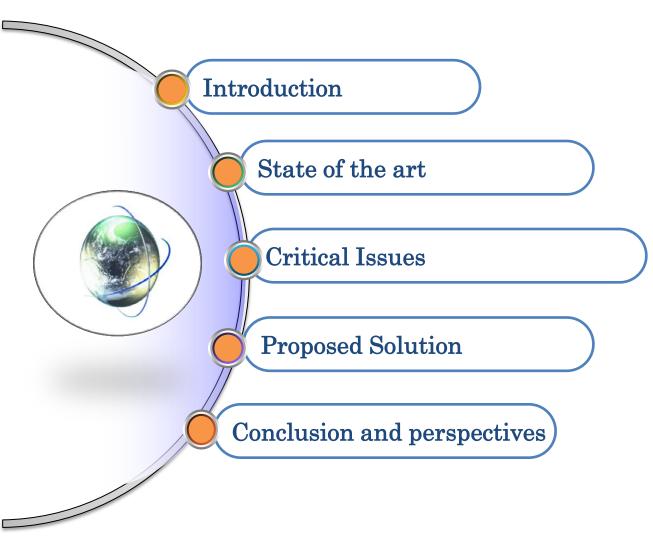
Dhekra BEN SASSI Anissa FRINI Wahiba BEN ABDESLAM



May 13-15 2015, Athens, Greece







Introduction

- CI deals with the competitive environment of the company.
- Definition: "A systematic and ethical program for gathering, analyzing and managing external information that can affect your company's plans, decisions and operations" (SCIP).
- CI is not business espionage;
- CI is ethical, legal and legitimate.
- CI uses public, but not necessarily published information



State of the art

History

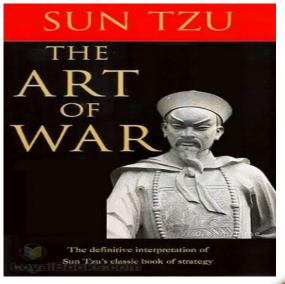
Importance

Objectives and Benefits

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Process

- Initially related to the military domain.
- The earliest reference of CI is "The Art of War" by Sun Tzu.
- CI has undergone progressive evolution.



State of the art History Importance Objectives and Benefits Process - Four levels or stages of CI evolution (Prescott, 1999):

Competitive Intelligence Gathering

which consists of developing skills in information acquisition

Industry and Competitor Analysis

which consists of building a business case for CI, spy image and analytical skill development. Competitive Intelligence for Strategic Decision Making

which consists of demonstrating bottom-line input, role of information technology, CI technology, international CI, demands vs. supply driven CI and counterintelligence. Competitive Intelligence as a Core Capability

which consists of managing the parallel process, intelligence infrastructures for multinationals, CI as learning and network analysis.

Recently

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1987 to 2000

State of the art



Importance



Objectives and Benefits

Process

CI is implemented in <u>large</u> and <u>small</u> companies, in <u>private</u> and <u>public</u> sector, and within <u>any industrial context</u>; but with <u>different</u> <u>level of success</u>.

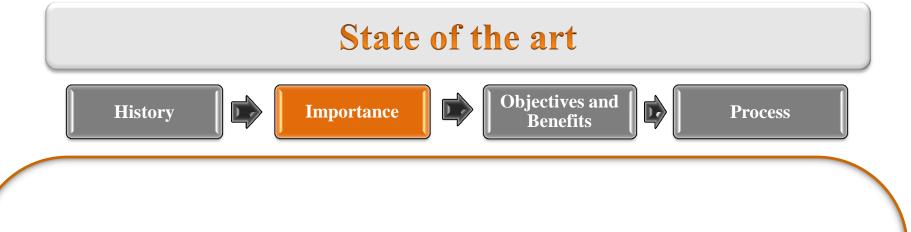
Industrial competitive intelligence became more and more important because of:

✓ The permanent change in competitive environment

- The increased level of competition
- The diversity of goods and services
- The volatility of opportunities



✓ The development of information technology and the role of the Internet



✓The increasing number of conferences, books, articles...

✓ The increasing role of Society of Competitive Intelligence Professionals (SCIP)

✓ The integration of competitive intelligence in academic courses and professional programs





Competitive Intelligence objectives / benefits :

✓ Detecting market trends opportunities, forces, risks and threats.

✓ Processing and combining data to provide new knowledge about competitors, customers and suppliers.

Predicting business environment's evolutions

Developing appropriate plans to compete successfully

Enhancing organization's competitiveness.

✓ Predicting influences generated by political changes

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Competitive Intelligence objectives / benefits :

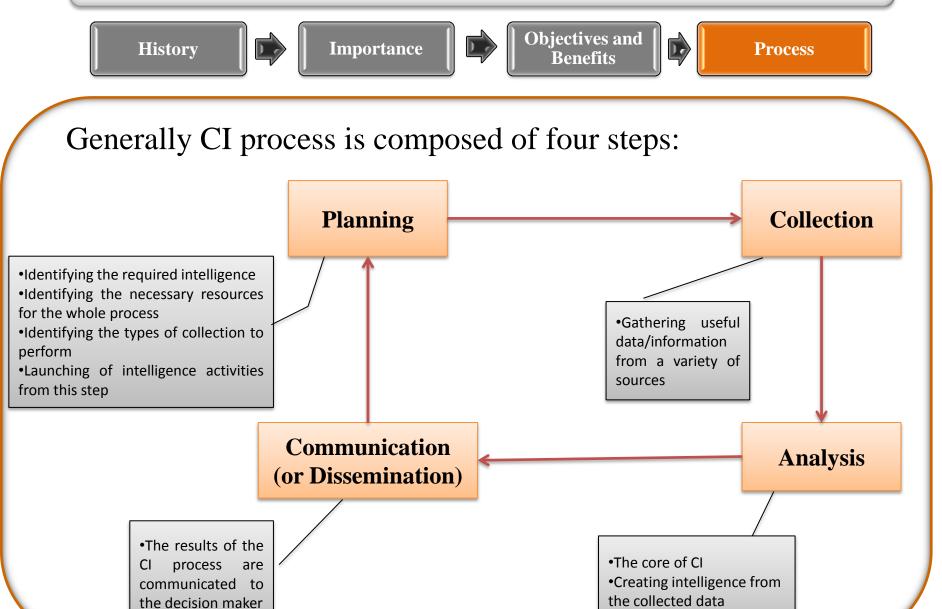
 \checkmark Increasing analytical skill for managers and the ability to anticipate moves of the other actors from organization's business environment.

✓ Sharing ideas and knowledge inside organization in order to develop new ideas or knowledge.

- ✓ Shedding light on competitor strategies.
- ✓ Improving understanding of external influences.
- ✓ Providing the basis for continuous improvement.



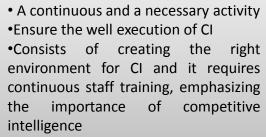




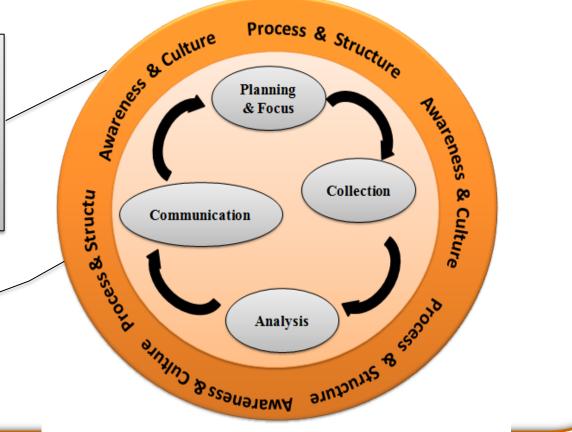
State of the art



An extended process with continuous activities - United States Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)



Defining and installing the appropriate policies, procedures, and infrastructure required by the CI



Critical Issues

Existing work define the concept of CI and propose a scheme for the CI process and its stages.

There is no work, that touched the practical aspect of the field or developed a complete CI solution that can be delivered to the decision maker. This is due to the difficulty of information collection and competitor decision anticipation.



Research objective

To develop a method which model competitor preferences and anticipate competitor decision's based on Artificial intelligence (AI) and Multicriteria decision aid (MCDA) fields.

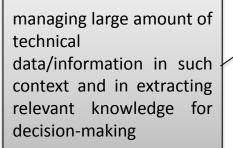
To propose the pillar of a new knowledge domain that we called: Multi-criteria Intelligence Aid (MCIA)





To solve the problem:

 \succ We propose to develop a new multi-criteria approach to anticipate the decisions of competitors.





manage conflicting criteria in a complex environment

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New domain knowledge: multi-criteria intelligence aid (MCIA).

To develop a CI method, we face several challenges:

Some information is not available and the data collection might be difficult.

 \succ The competitor is not involved. There will be no negotiation or validation of the results.

>The preferences of the competitor should be predicted and modeled.

>All stages of the anticipation of the decision will be made in a context of uncertainty.



Fuzzy sets and linguistic variables will be explored.

> multi-criteria aggregation method in the context of uncertainty will

anticip compe

Al techniques, especially automated reasoning techniques will be explored and an approach will be proposed. Method for competitor preferences prediction and modeling. The learning techniques of AI and automated reasoning techniques will be explored and an approach will be proposed

competitor competitor generation

Interest towards combining the two areas is shared by the scientific community :

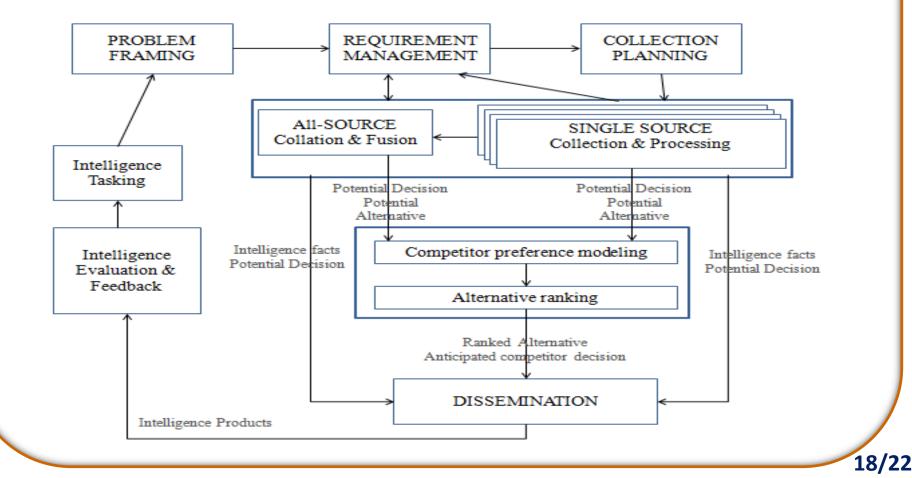
Multi-criteria community is interested in combining multicriteria decision methods with the artificial intelligence techniques European Working Group on multicriteria decision has devoted his biannual meeting specifically for AI and MCDA combinations

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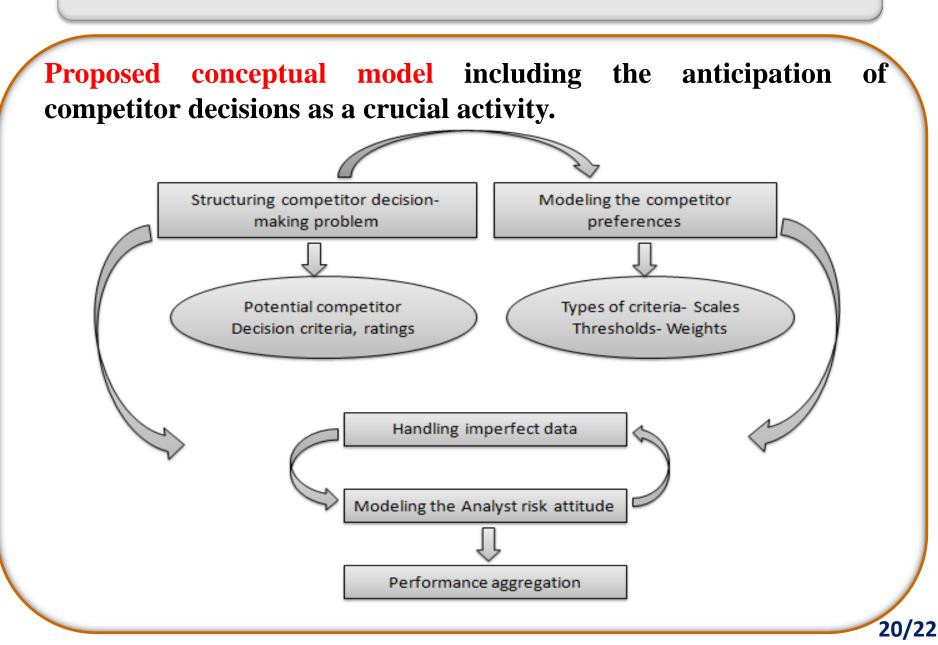
New domain knowledge: multicriteria intelligence aid (MCIA).

> International Journal of Multi-criteria Decision Making'' has launched in September 2012 a call for proposals for articles on the theme ''multicriteria decision and artificial intelligence.''

Proposed conceptual model including the anticipation of competitor decisions as a crucial activity.



Phase	Sub-phase	Activities
	Single	- Acquiring raw data;
	Source	- Sorting, filtering, indexing
Gather	Collection	and organizing information;
	&	- Evaluating information
Analyze	Processing	reliability and source credibility;
-		- Reasoning (analyzing and
Fuse		processing)
	All-	- Matching together single
	Source	sources intelligence;
	Collation	- Evaluating the quality of
	& fusion	each SS intelligence
		data/information;
		- Analysis and fusion to
		produce competitive
		intelligence.
	competitor	- Modeling competitor
	preference	preferences;
Anticipate	modelling	
	CoAs	- Structuring competitor's
	ranking	decision-making problem;
		 Handling imperfect data;
		 Modelling the risk attitude;
		 Aggregating performance.



Phase	Outputs	Methods/Techniques
Single Source Collection & Processing All-Source Collation & fusion	 Intelligence facts on competitors, their intent, capacity, opportunitie s, etc. Intelligence facts on possible 	 Information management and exploitation techniques Ontologies Automated reasoning Rule-based, description logic, case-based
	competitor's actions	reasoning
Anticipation of competitor decision-making process	 Anticipated decision- making process of competitor 	 Game theory Multi-criteria decision aid methods Fuzzy logic
	 competteitor preference modelling Anticipated competitor decisions 	 Automated reasoning to infer competitor preferences

In future research, the artificial intelligence techniques, especially automated reasoning techniques will be explored and an approach combining artificial intelligence and multi-criteria decision aid techniques will be proposed.



THANK YOU !

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